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#### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant : JEAN-CLAUDE BYSTRYN

Serial No. : 485,780 Group Art Unit 186 Examiner J. Kushan

Filed: February 22, 1990

For : ANTI-CANCER VACCINE

#### DECLARATION

#### JEAN-CLAUDE BYSTRYN declares and states:

- (1) He is the Jean-Claude Bystryn who is the applicant of the above-identified application Serial No. 485,780 filed February 22,1990, which is a file wrapper continuation of Serial No. 41,864 filed April 23, 1987, now abandoned;
- (2) He has read and understood the application as filed including the newly submitted claims and he has read and understood the Declaration and Power of Attorney which accompanied the parent application Serial No. 41,864 as filed; in said Declaration and Power of Attorney he stated he is the original, first and sole inventor of the subject matter thereof, the invention for which a patent is sought, based on the subject application;

- (3) He affirms and confirms that he is the original, first and sole inventor of the invention disclosed and claimed in the subject application and in the parent application Serial No. 41,864 including the newly submitted claims forwarded herewith along with this Declaration;
- (4) He is familiar with, as co-author, of the paper entitled "Cellular Immune Response to Melanoma Antigen Vaccine". Clinical Research "A", May 5, 1986, copy attached, and which is cited as a reference by the Examiner connection with the prosecution of his above-identified patent application. This publication lists him as coauthor with R. Oratz, M. Harris, D. Roses and J. Speyer. Doctors Oratz, Harris, Roses and Speyer are oncologists and surgeons who had no involvement in the development of the subject invention and the claimed vaccine and its preparation. The only involvement of the co-authors, Drs. Oratz, Harris and Speyer and the reason for their listing as authors, was they provided patients for the vaccine studies and, in the case of Dr. Oratz, assisted in treating patients with vaccines. He, applicant herein, Jean-Claude Bystryn, again reaffirms and confirms that none of the above-identified co-authors along with him in the above-identified paper inventively contributed to his invention as disclosed and claimed in the aboveidentified application and in the newly submitted claims,

as to be co-inventor with him and that he is the original, first and sole inventor of the invention disclosed and claimed in the above-identified appliation.

He hereby declares that all statements made herein of his own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

JEAN-CLAUDE BYSTRYN

Dated:	10.18.00	

# Program—Poster Session

# Jointly Sponsored by the THE ASSOCIATION OF AMERICAN PHYSICIANS THE AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR CLINICAL INVESTIGATION THE AMERICAN FEDERATION FOR CLINICAL RESEARCH

The Sheraton Washington Hotel Washington, D.C. MONDAY, MAY 5, 1986

> POSTER SESSION 12:00 Noon - 1:30 PM Sheraton Hotel Exhibit Hall B

Allergy
Cardiovascular
Clinical Epidemiology and Health
Care Research
Clinical Pharmacology
Endocrinology
Gastroenterology
Genetics

Hematology
Hypertension
Immunology
Infections Disease
Metabolism
Pulmonary
Renal and Electrolyte
Rheumatology

Members of the Societies are urged to visit frequently exhibits that provide valuable support for this meeting. The exhibits are located in The Sheraton Washington Hotel, Exhibit Hall A, Priday, 7:30 - 9:30 PM; Saturday and Sunday, 9:30 - 4:00 PM; and Monday, 9:30 - 1:30 PM.

#### **Forty-Third Annual Meeting**

# THE AMERICAN FEDERATION FOR CLINICAL RESEARCH

Sheraton Washington Ballroom Washington, D.C.

MONDAY, MAY 5, 1986

PLENARY SESSION, 8:00 AM

General Business Meeting
Edwin C. Cadman and Gary W. Hunninghake, Presiding

AFCR AWARD FOR CLINICAL RESEARCH (Supported by Burroughs Wellcome Fund)

Barton F. Haynes

Duke University School of Medicine

The Role of the Thyrnic Microenvironment in

Promotion of Early Stages of Human T Cell Maturation

PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS
Edwin C. Codmon

Intermission, 9:15 - 9:30 AM

### FRONTIERS IN CLINICAL SCIENCE SYMPOSIUM

Role of Prions in Degenerative Neurological Disease
Stanley B. Prusiner
University of California School of Medicine

Cachectin—The Dark Side of TNF
Anthony Cerami
Rockefeller University

Angiogenesis and Angiogenesis Factors
M. Judah Folkman
Harvard Medical School

Acute Myocardial Infarction: Reperfusion and Reflow Injury
Myron L. Weisfeldt
Johns Hopkins Hospital

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PCELLULAR INNUME RESPONSE TO A MELANDMA ANTIGEN VACCINE. JC Bystryn.
R Gratz\*, N Marris\*, D Roses\*, J Speyer\*. NYU School of Medicine and
Kaplan Cancer Center, NYC, NY, USA.

This study was conducted to examine methods of enhancing the immun-senicity of a tumor antigen vaccine in men. A polyvalent melaneme asso-clated entigen (MAA) vaccine was prepared from material shed by peoled allogenetic melenums cells. It contained multiple NAAs, and was free of detectable fetal calf serum proteins and Dr antigens. The effect of three different methods of immunization was studied in 36 patients with stage II dispase. Ten pts were immunized weekly with escalating doses of vaccine (protocol I), 9 pts were immunized every two weeks with a fixed dose (protocol II), and 17 pts were immunized similarly to protocol II but with alum as an adjuvant. In addition we examined the immunopotentiating effect of low dose cyclophosphamide (300 mg/ml, 3 days prior to each immunization) in patients with stage III melanome. All immunizations were given intradermally into all 4 extremities for 2 months. Cellular immunity to melanome was assessed by delayed cutaneous hypersensitivity (DCTH) responses to vaccine prior to and after 2 months of immunization. DCTH was induced or augmented in 20%, 67%, 71% of stage II patients immunized on Protocols I, II and III respectively. Skin tests of positive patients with an equal amount of control vaccine prepared from pooled allogeneic peripheral leukocytes were megative, indicating that the reaction to the vaccine was selectively directed to melanoma. Pre-treatment with cyclophosphamide induced or augmented DCT1 in 67% of 6 stage III patients. These results indicate that immunization to a melanome vaccine can enhance cellular immune reponse to melanome. Bi-weekly immunizations seem to be more immunogenic than weekly immunizations, and alum or pre-treatment with low dose cyclophosphamide does not significantly augment immunogenicity.

IN VIVO ANTI-TUMOR EFFECTS OF T101+D01 PRESENCE OF ANTIGENIC MODULATION. Shaulere, and DE Johnsone. VANC & U.C. Medicine & Cancer Center, San Biego, CA

We examined the anti-tumor effe monoclonal antibody TiCl-Doxorubicin setting of antigenic modulation in at MOLT-4 tumors (Dillman et al, Cance 1985). Previous experiments demonst anti-tumor effects for T101-DOX as alone, T101 alone, or a T101-DOX-des While there appeared to be a synergisti T101 a DOX, there was also evide immunoreactive T101-DOX complex which a contact of the c cytotoxicity. In these apecific pretreated tumor bearing animals with 1 produced sustained antigenic modulat: days. Animals were given phosphate (PBS), DOX, more T101, or T101+DOX i PBSePBS injections were used as a neg. PBS-orBS injections were used as a neg-PBS followed by T101+DOX as a positiv-were no tumor regressions in animals ro T101+PBS, or T101+T1C1. There were 7 PBS-of101+DOX, 4 with T101+Dox, 4 2 wit Growth curve analysis confirmed super T101+DOX. We conclude that pre-exi-modulation does significantly impede effects of T101+DOX, but there mi-synergistic effect between T101 & DOX.

PDNA DAMAGE PRODUCED BY AMSACRINE AND RELATED ACRIDINES IN L1210 CELLS AND ISOLATED NUCLEI. JN Covey, "YG Pommier, and KW Kohn", Laboratory of Molecular Pharmacology, DTP, DCT, NCI, NIH, Bethesda, ND. Amsacrine (m-AMSA; NSC 249992) is a DNA binding 9-aminoacridine

with demonstrated clinical activity against acute leukewiss. We have investigated the effects of m-AMSA and several derivatives ( A. MSC 343499; B, SM16507; C, MSC 140701; D, SM13553) on DMA integrity in L1210 leukemia cells and isolated nuclei. These compounds bind to DMA with varying affinities and sequence selectivities, and have been shown to trap topoisomerase II-DMA complexes in vitro, resulting in protein-associated single (SSB) and double strand breaks in DMA. Li210 cells or isolated nuclei were treated with the various accidings (0.1-50 pM) for 0.5 to 1 hr and subsequently analyzed using the alkaline elution technique. DNA-protein crosslinks (DPC) were produced in cells (600-6000 rad eq.) by m-AMSA, and A-C, but D was inactive. At 1 M, potency was in the order Com-AMSAOROADD. DPC were also produced in nuclei, but differences between compounds were less pronounced than in cells. caused extensive NPC in nuclei, suggesting that it enters cells poorly. Levels of DPC and SSB in nuclei were similar for A, but C produced SSB in 1.5 to 3x excess over the level of DPC. SSB were reduced below control levels in nuclei treated with N, indicating a more complex activity for this compound. Colony-formation assays demonstrated a 1-2 log cell kill with activities in the order C>B>A=m-AMSA>N. Correlation of DPC with cell kill gave similar log-linear relationships for A. S. & C, but m-AMSA had a lower slope (less kill/DPC) then the other com pounds. These results indicate that the acridine derivatives studied share many of the actions of m-AMSA, but vary in potency, and may produce additional DNA damage by mechanisms unrelated to topoisomerase II trapping.

ONCOGENE ACTIVATION OF MEMBRANE PROTEASES: RO John F. Distotono", Cindy Anne Cotto, Bernerd Northport, N. Y. and SUNY, Stony Brook, N. Y.

Using the tumor induced RBC cytolysis asse of concer cell numbrane proteeses in normal ce shown that the SRC gene from Rous Sercome Viru the activity of a cytolytic, leupeptin inhibit proteese in both chick fibroblasts and transfer press, Cancer Research). To clarify the role proteese activity, an electron microscopically brane fraction from the SRC-transfected 3T3 ce Using an electrophoretic gelatinase assay wa h membrane proteeses we have found 6 plasminogen membrane protesses with M.W.'s in the range of Using 32 P-ATP to label the Triton solubilize all the high M.W. (>30,000) membrane proteins, appear to be alkalal-stable phosphorylated sug phosphorylated on tyrosine by pp60 V-SRC, the Using synthetic substrate protease assays the preparation is enriched 7 times and 12 times in trypsin-like protesse activity, respectively. membrane active, GTP binding, oncogene family, have also been transfected into mammallan cell sis assay the RAS oncogene appears to modulate cytolytic, plasma membrane, metallo-protesse. that oncogenes may have a role in modulating c

DETOPOSIDE(VP-16) PLUS FLUOROPTRIMIDINES(FP): EMBANCED CYTOTOXICITY VIA DNA REPAIR INTIBITION IN L1210 CELLS. LE Demon and EC Codmon, Cancer Research Institute, University of California, San Francisco, CA.

There is recent evidence that IT incorporated into DNA stimulate DNA repair and initiate single strand breaks (SSB). Since VP-16 inhibits Topoisomerase II, which reseals repair nicks, we hypothesized that these drums would produce synergistic cytotoxicity via enhancement of

OCCIONANT ADRIBUSTINATION OF APPROXIMICIN B. CA NETEROIS (CHIN TO: LACK OF DEDBOORIDAL & J. Rendall, D. Peperbarg, C.A. Schiffer, \*\* 3 Albert Einstein Col of Medicine, W Wienik. \*\* Maryland Concer Center, Baltimore, MD.

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